

**UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS**

<b>Ime predmeta:</b>	<b>Molekularna biologija z genetiko</b>
<b>Course title:</b>	<b>Molecular biology with genetics</b>

<b>Študijski program in stopnja</b> <b>Study programme and cycle</b>	<b>Študijska smer</b> <b>Study option</b>	<b>Letnik</b> <b>Year of study</b>	<b>Semester</b> <b>Semester</b>
Splošna medicina, enovit magistrski študijski program		Prvi	2.
General medicine, Uniform master's degree study program		First	2nd

<b>Vrsta predmeta (obvezni ali izbirni) /</b> <b>Course type (compulsory or elective)</b>	<b>obvezni</b> <b>compulsory</b>
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<b>Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:</b>	
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Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Vaje Tutorial	Klinične vaje Clinical training	Druge oblike študija Other forms of study	Samost. delo Individual work	ECTS
30	15				90	5
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<b>Nosilec predmeta / Course coordinator:</b>	<b>Prof. dr. Nadja Kokalj Vokač</b>
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<b>Jeziki /Languages:</b>	<b>Predavanja / Lectures:</b> slovenski/slovene
	<b>Vaje / Tutorial:</b> slovenski/slovene

<b>Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:</b>	<b>Prerequisites for enrolling in the course or for performing study obligations:</b>

<b>Vsebina (kratek pregled učnega načrta):</b>	<b>Content (syllabus outline):</b>
1. Vloga molekularne biologije in genetike v medicini. 2. Struktura, morfologija in klasifikacija humanih kromosomov. 3. Osnove citogenetike, molekularna citogenetika, klinična citogenetika – sindromologija. 4. Spolni kromosomi, X inaktivacija napake spolnih kromosomov. 5. Dedovanje, Mendelejevi zakoni, dominantno, recesivno dedovanje, atypični vzorci dedovanja. 6. Struktura in lastnosti DNA molekule.	1. The role of molecular biology and genetics in medicine. 2. Structure, morphology and classification of human chromosomes. 3. The principles of cytogenetics, molecular cytogenetics, clinical cytogenetics (syndromology). 4. Sex chromosomes, X inactivation, sex chromosomes aberrations. 5. Inheritance, Mendelian laws, dominant, recessive single-gene inheritance, atypical patterns of inheritance. 6. Structure and features of DNA molecule.

7. Podvajanje DNA: razlike med prokarionti in evkarionti.	7. DNA replication: prokaryotes, eukaryotes.
8. DNA mutacije, popravljanje DNA napak.	8. DNA mutations, repairing mechanisms.
9. RNA, transkripcija, translacija, vrste RNA, ribocimi.	9. RNA, transcription, translation, ribosomes
10. Procesiranje proteinov, posttranskripcijske modifikacije proteinov.	10. Protein processing, posttranslational modifications of proteins.
11. Človeški genom, jederni genom, genetski kod, zgradba gena, genske družine, tandemne ponovitve, mitohondrijski genom.	11. Human genome, nuclear genome, genetic code, structure of the gene, gene families, tandem repeats, mitochondrial genome.
12. Regulacija genske ekspresije.	12. Regulation of gene expression.
13. Epigenetika, DNA metilacija.	13. Epigenetics, DNA methylation.
14. Rekombinantna DNA tehnologija, genetski inžiniring, biotehnologija.	14. Recombinant DNA technology, genetic engineering, biotechnology.
15. Genetska raznolikost med posamezniki in populacijami, polimorfizmi, genetsko neravnovežje.	15. Genetic diversity between individuals and in populations, polymorphisms, linkage disequilibrium.
16. Kompleksne bolezni, multifaktorsko dedvanje.	16. Complex diseases, multifactorial inheritance.
17. Citogenetika in molekularna genetika raka.	17. Cytogenetics and molecular genetic of cancer.
18. Genetika imunskega sistema.	18. Genetics of immune system.
19. Razvojna genetika.	19. Development genetics.
20. Izbrani primeri genetskih bolezni.	20. Genetic diseases – selected cases.
21. Genomika, proteomika, farmakogenomika, personalizirana medicina.	21. Genomics, proteomics, pharmacogenomics, personalized medicine.
22. Genetsko svetovanje, prenatalna diagnostika.	22. Genetic counseling, prenatal diagnosis.
23. Genetika in družba.	23. Genetic and society.

#### Temeljni literatura in viri / Reading materials:

- Thompson & Thompson : Genetics in Medicine, W.B.Saunders Company., 6th ISBN 0-7216-0244-4 and 7th ed. ISBN: 9781416030805, 2007 , ISBN: 9781437706963 8th ed. 2016. ISBN-10 : 0323547621
- ISBN-13 : 978-0323547628 9th ed. 2023.
- Tom Strachan, Anneke Lucassen, Genetics and Genomics in Medicine, 2022, ISBN: 9781000579376, 1000579379, 2nd ed.
- Stangler Herodeč Š., Erjavec Škerget A., Zagorac A., Kokalj-Vokač N.: Navodila za vaje iz molekularne biologije in genetike: skripta. Maribor: Medicinska fakulteta, 2012.

#### Vsakoretne dopolnitve skripte so na voljo v knjižnici MF.

- Andrew Read and Dian Donnai: New Clinical Genetics, 4nd Ed., 2020, ISBN 978-1911510703

#### Cilji in kompetence:

Cilj predmeta je, da študentu nudi znanje o zgradbi, organizaciji in funkciji informacijskih makromolekul, nosilcih dednega materiala ter o zakonitostih prenosa in ohranjanja genetske informacije s poudarkom na humanem genomu.

Premet ponuja študentu pregledna in nekatera poglobljena znanja o zgradbi, organizaciji ter delovanju

#### Objectives and competences:

The goal of the subject is to offer the student knowledge of the structure and function of informative macromolecules. Of principal interest are the macromolecule complexes of DNA, RNA and protein and the processes of replication, transcription and translation and technologies involved in manipulating these molecules. The courses offer to students overview and

eukariontskega genoma s poudarkom na humanem genomu. Študenta seznavi z možnimi načini analize genoma in ugotavljanja genetskih napak. Študenta seznavi z vlogo genetskih faktorjev pri vzrokih humanih bolezni ter prispevku pri multifaktorjarnih boleznih, s kompleksno analizo delovanja in prenosa genetske informacije ter dedovanjem. Povdarek predavanj je na aplikativni vlogi genetike v sodobnih medicinskih tehnikah, diagnostiki in genski terapiji.

some selected topics about organization, function and structure of eukaryotic genome with special attention to human genome. The student gets the knowledge of major techniques used for genome analysis, and mutation analysis. The student is introduced to the role of genetic factors in etiology of human hereditary disorders, the contribution to multifactorial diseases and understanding the complex information of functioning and transmission of genetic information.

Special attention is given to diagnostic techniques, recombinant DNA technology and gene therapy.

#### Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje:

1. Zna narisati družinsko drevo.
2. Zna ločiti strukturno od numerčne kromosomske spremembe.
3. Zna interpretirati rezultat molekularne kariotipizacije.
4. Zna izolirati DNA molekulo iz periferne krvi in določiti njeno koncentracijo.
5. Zna izvesti verižno reakcijo s polimerazo ter določiti produkt z gelsko elektroforezo.
6. Zna določiti gensko mutacijo z metodo alelno specifične verižne reakcije s polimerazo.
7. Zna določiti frekvenco alelov v populaciji.
8. Zna določiti fazo vezave alelov, izračunati frekvenco rekombinacije in verjetnost vezave dveh lokusov (Izračunati vrednost LOD.).
9. Zna izračunati tveganje za kompleksne bolezni.

Prenesljive/ključne spremnosti in drugi atributi: -

#### Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and understanding:

1. Knowledge of drawing a family pedigree.
2. Knowledge of differences between structural and numerical chromosome aberration.
3. Knowledge of interpreting the results of molecular karyotyping.
4. Knowledge of isolation of DNA molecules from peripheral blood and measuring its concentration.
5. Knowledge of polymerase chain reaction and determination of the product on gel electrophoresis.
6. Student knows how to determine the genetic mutation by the method of allele-specific polymerase chain reaction
7. Student knows how to determine the frequency of alleles in a population.
8. Student knows how to determine the phase of binding alleles, calculate the frequency of recombination and the probability of linkage disequilibrium (Calculate the value of the LOD.).
9. Knows how to calculate the risk of complex diseases.

Transferable/Key Skills and other attributes: -

#### Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja : 50%

Laboratorijske vaje: 25%

Seminarji: 25%

#### Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures : 50%

Laboratory work : 25%

Seminary work: 25%

Delež (v %) /

Share (in %)

#### Assessment methods:

Načini ocenjevanja:		
Nacin (pisni izpit, ustno izpraševanje, naloge, projekt)	10 %	Type (examination, oral, coursework, project): Seminary work
Seminarji	20 %	Laboratory work examination

<p>Kolokvij iz vaj</p> <p>Pisni izpit.</p> <p>(Opravljene naloge pri vajah in seminarjih so pogoj za pristop k pisnemu izpitu.)</p> <p><b>ŠTUDIJSKE OBVEZNOSTI ŠTUDENTOV</b></p> <p><b>POGOJI ZA PRISTOP K POSAMEZNEMU PREVERJANJU ZNANJA</b></p> <p>30 ur predavanj je razdeljenih med tri predavatelje, ki samostojno pripravijo izpitna vprašanja na svoje teme. Udeležba na predavanjih je zelo priporočljiva, ker se predavanja, seminarji in vaje prepletajo in dopolnjujejo.</p> <p>Na izpitu se zahteva znanje pridobljeno pri vseh treh oblikah poučevanja. Izpit lahko študenti opravijo s sprotnimi kolokviji, kar je zelo priporočljivo, saj tekom predavanj utrdijo znanje, ki je potrebno za razumevanje naslednjih predavanj ter pripravo seminarjev. Sprotni kolokviji so v treh sklopih. Za priznavanje pisnega izpita, morajo biti vsi kolokviji pozitivni. Kolokviji se pišejo samo na enem roku! Študenti, ki opravijo pozitivno vse tri kolokvije, seminarske naloge in kolokvij iz vaj, se prijavijo na prvi izpitni rok v juniju, kjer se jim prizna opravljen izpit. Študenti, ki niso opravljali sprotnih kolokvijev ali katerega od njih niso opravili pozitivno, pristopijo h končnemu preverjanju znanja po opravljenem kolokviju iz vaj in oddanih seminarskih nalogah, ki je v obliki pisnega izpita. Pri pisnem izpitu je možno doseči 70 točk. Vsaj 35 točk pri pisnem delu izpita je potrebnih, da se upoštevajo še točke dosežene pri vajah in seminarjih. Minimalno skupno število doseženih točk za opravljen izpit iz predmeta je 60 od 100 možnih točk.</p> <p>Končna ocena predmeta je sestavljena iz :</p> <p>70% - pisni izpit</p> <p>20% - laboratorijske vaje</p> <p>10% - seminarska naloga</p> <p><b>VAJE</b></p> <p>15 ur vaj je razporejenih v 5 sklopov:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Vsi študenti si morajo preskrbeti Navodila za vaje, ki jih lahko kupijo ali si sposodijo v knjižnicah.</li> <li>• Na vajo se je potrebno predhodno pripraviti, Z vsemi vajami študent lahko pridobi 10 točk.</li> </ul>	<p><b>70 %</b></p>	<p>Written examination (Laboratorand seminary work project is condition for approaching to written exam.)</p> <p><b>REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCESS TO INDIVIDUAL KNOWLEDGE CHECKING:</b></p> <p>30 hours of lectures are divided between four lecturers who independently prepare examination questions on their topics. Attendance at lectures is highly recommended because the lectures, seminars and tutorials intertwined and are complementary.</p> <p>On examination the knowledge acquired in all three forms of teaching is required. Students can pass the exam with colloquia which is highly recommended, besause during the lectures consolidate knowledge is necessary for understanding the following lectures and seminar preparation.</p> <p>Colloquia are devided in three sets. For the recognition of written examination must all be positive. Colloquia are written only in one period of time! Students who pass the three colloquia, laboratory and seminary work can apply for the first examination period in June, where their exam is recognized as final examination. Students who are not engaged in ongoing colloquia or any of them have not been performed positively, accede to the final examination after completion of the laboratory and seminary work. At final exam is possible to achieve 70 points. At least 35 points in the written part of the exam is necessary to take into account the points achieved in tutorials and seminars. Minimum number of points scored by examinations of the course is 60 out of 100 possible points.</p> <p>Final evaluation of the course consists of:</p> <p>70% - written exam 20% - laboratory work 10% - seminary work</p> <p><b>LABORATORY WORK</b></p> <p>15 hours of laboratory work is arranged in 5 sets. All students must provide instructions for exercises that can be bought or borrowed in the library of Medical faculty.</p> <p>It is necessary to be prepared in advance for the course.</p> <p>With all laboratory work the student can obtain 10 points.</p> <p>Each course is required to submit a report. Each successfully completed course is scored by 2 points. One point is obtained for the successful</p>
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pri vsaki vaji je potrebno oddati poročilo. Vsaka uspešno (Ne samo opravljena!) opravljena vaja se točkuje z dvema točkama. Eno točko se pridobi za uspešno izvedbo vaje, drugo pa za izpolnjeno poročilo.</li> <li>Ob koncu vaj je OBVEZNI kolokvij, ki se točkuje z maksimalno 10 točkami.</li> <li>Skupno torej lahko študent pridobi na vajah 20 točk.</li> <li>Uspešno opravljene vaje zahtevajo minimalno 12,5 točk.</li> <li>Uspešno opravljene vaje so pogoj za pristop k izpitu.</li> <li>Kolokvij se opravlja takoj po končanih vajah in izjemoma pred jesenskim izpitnim obdobjem (konec avgusta).</li> <li>Študenti se morajo pred pričetkom vaj seznaniti z navodili za opravljanje vaj in varno delo (nevarnosti pri delu, delo s kemikalijami in infektivnim materialom), ki so napisana na koncu Navodil za vaje.</li> </ul> <p><b>SEMINARJI</b></p> <p>15 ur seminarjev se opravlja v treh skupinah, pri štirih predavateljih.</p> <p>Vsek predavatelj pripravi seminarske teme, ki so objavljene v datumskem razporedu.</p> <p>Študenti se predhodno pripravijo na seminar tako, da preštudirajo snov po zapiskih in ustrezna navedena poglavja po priloženi literaturi.</p> <p>Profesor izvede krajše uvodno predavanje, ki mu sledijo naloge in diskusija.</p> <p>Študenti rešujejo računske in problemske naloge v času seminarjev ali dobijo naloge na predavanjih in jih individualno ali po dva skupaj rešijo do seminarske ure, kjer se naloge predstavi in o njih diskutira.</p> <p>Študenti oddajo v pisni obliki poročilo, povzetek diskusije oz. rešene problemske naloge.</p> <p>Ocenio seminarja sestavlja število pravilnih odgovorov pri nalogah, ocena poročila in/oz. ocena sodelovanja v diskusiji.</p> <p>Teme seminarjev so zajete tudi pri pisnem izpitu, zato je poznavanje vsebin seminarskih tem nujno za dobro opravljen izpit.</p>	<p>implementation of the exercise, the other for the completed report.</p> <p>At the end of the courses is mandatory colloquium, which counts with a maximum of 10 points.</p> <p>The total, therefore, a student can obtain in laboratory work is 20 points.</p> <p>Completion of assignments require a minimum of 12.5 points.</p> <p>Completion of assignments are a prerequisite for the written exam.</p> <p>The colloquium is carried out immediately after completion of courses and exceptionally before the autumn exam period (end of August).</p> <p>Students should be aware of before starting the courses with instructions for performing exercises and work safely (hazard at work, working with chemicals and infective material), which are written at the end of the Instructions for laboratory work.</p> <p><b>SEMINARY WORK</b></p> <p>15 hours of seminars are carried out in three groups with four professors.</p> <p>Each lecturer will prepare seminar topics, which are published in the schedule date range.</p> <p>Students are conditioned to the seminar so that they study the notes of the lectures and the relevant chapters of the mentioned accompanying literature.</p> <p>The professor conducted a short introductory lecture, followed by tasks and discussion.</p> <p>Students solve computational tasks and problem during seminars or receive tasks in class and individual or two together to solve seminar problems,</p> <p>Students submitting in writing a report, or a summary of the discussion. problem solved tasks.</p> <p>Assessment of the seminar consists of the number of correct answers in the tasks, evaluation reports and / or rating participate in the discussion.</p> <p>Topics seminars are also covered in the exam, so mastering the contents of this seminar is essential for good exam.</p> <p>Coursework represents 10% of final grade for the course.</p> <p>Attendance at seminars is mandatory and shall be checked.</p>
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Seminarska naloga pomeni 10% končne ocene pri predmetu.		
Prisotnost na seminarjih je obvezna in se preverja.		

**Reference nosilca / Course coordinator's references:**

1. KAVČIČ, Niko, PERIĆ, Ivan, ZAGORAC, Andreja, KOKALJ-VOKAČ, Nadja. Clinical evaluation of two non-invasive genetic tests for detection and monitoring of urothelial carcinoma: validation of UroVysion and Xpert Bladder Cancer Detection Test. *Frontiers in genetics*. June 2022, vol. 13, str. 1-8, ilustr. ISSN 1664-8021.  
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2. GREGORIČ KUMPERŠČAK, Hojka, KRGOVIĆ, Danijela, DROBNIČ RADOBULJAC, Maja, ŠENICA, Nina, ZAGORAC, Andreja, KOKALJ-VOKAČ, Nadja. CNVs and chromosomal aneuploidy in patients with early-onset schizophrenia and bipolar disorder : genotype-phenotype associations. *Frontiers in psychiatry*. 12. Jan. 2021, vol. 11, str. 1-16, ilustr. ISSN 1664-0640.  
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4. KRGOVIĆ, Danijela, GORENJAK, Mario, RIHAR, Nika, OPALIČ, Iva, STANGLER HERODEŽ, Špela, GREGORIČ KUMPERŠČAK, Hojka, DOVČ, Peter, KOKALJ-VOKAČ, Nadja. Impaired neurodevelopmental genes in Slovenian autistic children elucidate the comorbidity of autism with other developmental disorders. *Frontiers in molecular neuroscience*. Jun. 2022, vol. 15, str. 1-17, ilustr. ISSN 1662-5099.  
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5. KOKALJ-VOKAČ, Nadja. Genetika ginekoloških rakov. V: TAKAČ, Iztok (ur.), ARKO, Darja. Ginekološka onkologija. 1. izd. Maribor: Univerzitetna založba Univerze, 2020. Str. 42-48, ilustr. ISBN 978-961-286-330-2. [COBISS.SI-ID 512970040]